## I Found a Baby Mammal Now What? To Find a wildlife rehabilitator in your area, Is baby animal hurt or sick (bleeding, shivering, vomiting; contact was attacked by cat/dog?) Your state wildlife agency Humane Society Audubon Society Can you find the nest or den? Is it intact? Wild bird stores City Animal control officer Veterinarian (wildlife/exotic) Call a wildlife rehabilitator. No Coast Guard or Marine Patrol •US Fish & Wildlife Service •Wildlife Rehab Info Directory: Place baby in Place baby in (wildliferehab.virtualave.net) nest/den. shallow box close to where it was found. Keep it warm but out of Unable to reach a wildlife rehabilitator? Call your state wildlife agency or a wildlife Veterinarian. A baby's Watch for mother for best chance 4-6 hours. for survival Stay completely out of sight. is its mother Mothers won't return if any people or pets are present. If you are unable to reach any of the Above, see instructions on back of this page: "How to rescue Baby Mammals" Did the Mother return? No Yes Leave the area. Call a wildlife Baby is OK. rehabilitator. If you find a seal pup or fawn: •Mothers normally leave their babies to feed. If you find baby bunnies: ·If baby looks cold, hungry, diseased, or

- •If their nest has been damaged it can be repaired. Look for a shallow depression lined with grass/fur. Place babies in nest with light layers at grass to hide them. Leave the area, or the mother won't return. (Mothers return only at dawn & dusk.)
- •If you find healthy bunnies that are 4-5 inches long, able to hop, with eyes open and ears up, they do not need help. They are able to survive on their own. Leave them alone. Questions? Call a wildlife rehabilitator.
- •If baby looks cold, hungry, diseased, or confused, or if dogs, other animals, or people threaten its safety, **call a wildlife rehabilitator** or park ranger.
- •Otherwise, **leave the baby alone** and leave the area. The mother will not return if people or pets are present.



From Healers of the Wild: People Who Care for Injured and Orphaned Wildlife
By Shannon K. Jacobs
©1998 Coyote Moon Press PO Box 6867
Denver, CO 80206 (303) 316-4633
www.oneeyedcat.com/Healers\_of\_the\_Wild/

## **How to Rescue Baby Mammals**

(Only adults should rescue baby mammals. Before rescuing adult mammals, seek guidance from a wildlife rehabilitator.)

- 1. **Prepare a container**. Place a soft cloth on the bottom of a cardboard box or cat/dog carrier with a lid. If it doesn't have air holes, make some. For smaller animals, you can use a paper sack with air holes punched in.
- Protect yourself. Wear gloves, if possible. Some animals may bite or scratch to protect themselves, even if sick; wild animals commonly have parasites (fleas, lice, ticks) and carry diseases.
- 3. Cover the animal with a light sheet or towel.
- 4. Gently pick up the animal and put it in the prepared container.
- 5. Warm the animal if it's cold out or if the animal is chilled. Put one end of the container on a heating pad set on low. Or fill a zip-top plastic bag, plastic soft drink container with a screw lid, or a rubber glove with hot water; wrap warm container with cloth, and put it next to the animal. Make sure the container doesn't leak, or the animal will get wet and chilled.
- 6. Tape the box shut or roll the top of the paper bag closed.
- 7. Note exactly where you found the animal. This will be very important for release.
- 8. Keep the animal in a warm, dark, quiet place.

Don't give it food or water.

Leave it alone; don't handle or bother it.

Keep children and pets away.

9. Contact a wildlife rehabilitator, state wildlife agency, or wildlife veterinarian as soon as possible.

Don't keep the animal at your home longer than necessary.

Keep the animal in a container; don't let it loose in your house or car.

10. Wash your hands after contact with the animal.

Wash anything the animal was in contact with — towel, jacket, blanket, pet carrier — to prevent the spread of diseases and/or parasites to you or your pets.

11. Get the animal to a wildlife rehabilitator as soon as possible.

It's against the law in most states to keep wild animals if you don't have permits, even if you plan to release them.

From Healers of the Wild: People Who Care for Injured and Orphaned Wildlife By Shannon K. Jacobs ©1998 Coyote Moon Press PO Box 6867 Denver, CO 80206 (303) 316-4633 www.oneeyedcat.com/Healers of the Wild/